# **Hilti Pension Scheme**

### **Statement of Investment Principles**

September 2020

### **Statement of Investment Principles**

The Trustees of Hilti Pension Scheme ("the Scheme") have prepared this Statement of Investment Principles ("the SIP") in accordance with the Pensions Act 1995<sup>1</sup> ("the Act") as amended and the Occupational Pension Scheme (Investment) Regulations 2005 as well as the principles recommended by the Myners Code. It supersedes any previous SIP and reflects the investment policy agreed by the Trustees in respect of assets covering Defined Benefit liabilities and AVCs.

This SIP will be reviewed at least every three years or immediately after any significant change in investment policy.

Before preparing this SIP the Trustees have:

- Obtained and considered the written advice from the Scheme's Investment Consultant, XPS Investment, who is suitably qualified through ability and experience and has appropriate knowledge.
- Consulted the Employer, Hilti (Great Britain) Limited.

#### Investment objective and strategy

#### **Choosing investments**

The Trustees set the investment strategy and investment policies for the Scheme, and in doing so, consider the Scheme's liabilities and strength of Employer covenant.

The Trustees rely on Investment Managers for the day-to-day management of the Scheme's assets but retain control over all decisions made about the investments in which the Scheme invests.

Where Investment Managers are delegated discretion under Section 34 of the Act, the Investment Manager will exercise their investment powers in accordance with the Act, relevant and subsequent regulations, and this SIP.

The Trustees rely on the Investment Managers to appoint appropriate Custodians for pooled funds who are responsible for the safekeeping of the assets of the Scheme.

The Trustees rely on the Investment Managers to appoint appropriate Administrators or Registrars for pooled funds who are responsible for keeping records of the Scheme's entitlement within the pooled funds.

#### **Investment objective**

The Trustees have set the following objectives:

- To achieve a fully funded position on a Technical Provisions basis by 30 September 2029 as agreed as part of the 1 January 2018 triennial actuarial valuation. In particular, the discount rate used in calculating the value of assets required underpinning that target is gilts + 2.0% pa in respect of pre-retirement liabilities and gilts + 0.75% in respect of pensioners.
- To implement an investment strategy targeting a return of 3.7% pa in excess of gilts.
- To acquire suitable assets to achieve the above objective whilst controlling volatility and the long term costs of the Scheme.
- To adhere to the provisions contained within this SIP.

<sup>1</sup> As amended 30<sup>th</sup> November 2018

#### Investment strategy

The Trustees intend to meet the investment objective by investing in a diversified portfolio of return-seeking and liability-matching assets. The Trustees can utilise a wide range of passively and actively managed investments, including (but not limited to):

- Assets or funds primarily utilised to match liability risk (typically movements in long-term interest rates and inflation) including gilts, swaps and repos and the use of derivatives and leverage.
- Assets or funds primarily used to outperform the liabilities over the long term including equity, bonds, property as well as alternative assets such as infrastructure, hedge funds and commodities. The Scheme is also able to make use of derivatives and leverage.
- Assets or funds primarily used to provide immediate liquidity such as cash or cash instruments.
- Assets or funds that combine liability outperformance, liability hedging or liquidity characteristics.
- Annuity or insurance policies designed to match the specific characteristics of the Scheme's liabilities or membership.

The actual strategy adopted for the Scheme, including the allocation to different assets, and expected returns is set out in the Appendix.

#### **Investment restrictions**

The Trustees intend to adhere to the following restrictions:

- No more than 5% of Scheme assets can be held in investments related to the Employer.
- Whilst borrowing on a temporary basis is permitted, this option will only be utilised where absolutely necessary or where it is expected to reduce overall risk (e.g. for very short time periods during an asset transfer).
- Investment in derivative instruments may only be made where they contribute to risk reduction or facilitate efficient portfolio management.
- Stock lending is permitted at the discretion of the Scheme's Investment Managers in line with their overall investment objectives, policies and procedures.

#### **Investment risk**

The Trustees have identified a number of risks including (but not limited to):

- Employer covenant risk
- Liability risks: Interest rate risk, Inflation risk, Longevity risk
- Asset risks: Such as equity risk, property risk, currency risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, inflation risk, liquidity risk
- Implementation risks: Investment manager risk, counterparty risk, operational risk

These risks are measured and managed by the Trustees as follows:

- The Trustees have set an investment strategy that adheres to the contents of this SIP.
- The Trustees receive strategic investment advice from the Investment Consultant that may include risk modelling and quantification (e.g. Value at Risk) whenever strategic changes are considered.
- The Trustees undertake regular monitoring of the Scheme's investments supplemented by information provided by both the Investment Managers and Investment Consultant, as well as advice from the latter.
- The Trustees periodically assess the strength of the Employer covenant and uses external expertise where appropriate.
- The Trustees delegate the day-to-day management of some of these risks to the appointed Investment Managers.
- The Trustees consider the Investment Managers' role and approach to managing risk is considered when selecting appropriate Investment Managers.
- The Trustees utilise custodian relationships to ensure Scheme assets are held securely.
- The Trustees assess whether appropriate controls are put in place by themselves, the Investment Consultant, Investment Managers and Custodians (where there is a direct relationship).

#### **Realising investments**

The Trustees recognise that assets may need to be realised to meet Scheme obligations at any time.

The Trustees will ensure that an appropriate amount of readily realisable assets are held at all times, and this will be part of the assessment for including new investments within the strategy.

The Trustees will from time to time agree a policy for sourcing cash from the investments as required. Further details are set out in the Appendix.

#### Range of assets

Based on the allocation set out in the Appendix, the Trustees consider the arrangements with the Investment Managers to be aligned with the Scheme's overall strategic objectives. Details of each specific mandate are set out in agreements and pooled fund documentation with each Investment Manager. The amounts allocated to any individual category or security will be influenced by the overall benchmark and objectives, varied through the Investment Managers' tactical asset allocation preferences at any time, within any scope given to them through asset allocation parameters set by the Trustees or governing the pooled funds in which the Scheme is invested.

The Trustees will ensure that the Scheme's assets are invested in regulated markets to maximise their security.

Investment Managers are incentivised to perform in line with expectations for their specific mandate as their continued involvement as Investment Managers as part of the Scheme's investment strategy – and hence the fees they receive – are dependent upon them doing so. They are therefore subject to performance monitoring and reviews based on a number of factors linked to the Trustees' expectations.

The Trustees encourage Investment Managers to make decisions in the long-term interests of the Scheme. The Trustees expect engagement with management of the underlying issuers of debt or equity and the exercising of voting rights. This expectation is based on the belief that such engagement can be expected to help Investment Managers to mitigate risk and improve long term returns. As covered in more detail below, the Trustees also require the Investment Managers to take ESG factors and climate change risks into consideration within their decision-making as the Trustees believe these factors could have a material financial impact in the long-term. The Trustees therefore make decisions about the retention of Investment Managers, accordingly.

#### **Investment Manager Arrangements**

#### **Review process**

Appointments of Investment Managers are expected to be long-term, but the Trustees will review the appointment of the Investment Managers in accordance with their responsibilities.

The Trustees receive quarterly performance monitoring reports from the Investment Consultant which consider performance over the quarter, one and three year periods. In addition, any significant changes relating to the criteria below that the Investment Consultant is aware of will be highlighted, which may lead to a change in the Investment Consultant's rating for a particular mandate. These ratings help to determine an Investment Manager's ongoing role in implementing the investment strategy. If there are concerns, the Trustees may carry out a more in-depth review of a particular Investment Manager. Investment Managers will also attend Trustees meetings as requested.

Fund manager remuneration is considered as part of the manager selection process. It is also monitored regularly with the help of the Investment Consultant to ensure it is in line with the Trustees' policies and with fee levels deemed by the Investment Consultant to be appropriate for the particular asset class and fund type.

#### Portfolio turnover

The Trustees require the Investment Managers to report on actual portfolio turnover at least annually, including details of the costs associated with turnover, how turnover compares with the range that the Investment Manager expects and the reasons for any divergence.

#### **Responsible investment**

The Trustees take account of all financially material risks and opportunities when making investment decisions in consultation with their advisors. All risks and opportunities are considered for materiality and impact. This takes account of the Scheme's investment time horizons and objectives as appropriate.

The Trustees' policy is that non-financially material matters (such as ethical investing) should not be taken into account in the selection, retention and realisation of investments. The Trustees have neither sought nor taken into account the beneficiaries' views on non-financial risks including (but not limited to) ethical, social and environmental issues when setting the investment strategy.

#### **Environmental, Social & Governance**

The Trustees have considered their approach, and the views of the Hilti Group, to environmental, social and corporate governance ("ESG") factors for the long term time horizon of the Scheme and believe there can be financially material risks relating to them. The Trustees have delegated the ongoing monitoring and management of ESG risks and those related to climate change to the Scheme's Investment Managers. The Trustees require the Scheme's Investment Managers to take ESG and climate change risks into consideration within their decision-making, in relation to the selection, retention or realisation of investments, recognising that how they do this will be dependent on factors including the characteristics of the asset classes in which they invest.

The Trustees will seek advice from the Investment Consultant on the extent to which their views on ESG and climate change risks may be taken into account in any future Investment Manager selection exercises.

As the Scheme invests in pooled funds, the Trustees acknowledge that they cannot directly influence the policies and practices of the companies in which the pooled funds invest. The Trustees have therefore delegated responsibility for the exercise of rights (including voting rights) attached to the Scheme's investments to the Investment Managers. The Trustees encourage them to engage with investee companies and vote whenever it is practical to do so on financially material matters such as strategy, capital structure, conflicts of interest policies, risks, social and environmental impact and corporate governance as part of their decision-making processes. The Trustees require the Investment Managers to report on significant votes made on behalf of the Trustees.

If the Trustees become aware of an Investment Manager engaging with the underlying issuers of debt or equity in ways that they deem inadequate or that the results of such engagement are mis-aligned with the Trustees' expectation, then the Trustees may consider terminating the relationship with that Investment Manager.

#### **Confirmation of advice**

Before a Statement of Investment Principles, as required by the Pensions Act 1995, is prepared or revised by the trustees of a pension scheme, they must have consulted with the principal employer and obtained and considered the written advice of a person who is reasonably believed by them to be qualified by his ability in and practical experience of financial matters and to have the appropriate knowledge and experience of the management of the investments of such schemes.

The investment consultant hereby confirms to the Trustees that they have the appropriate knowledge and experience to give the advice required by the Act and has provided the necessary written advice to the Trustees.

#### Signatures:

The Statement has been approved by the Trustees of the Hilti Pension Scheme and subsequently signed. For security reasons, signed copies of this statement are only available upon request.

This SIP is the responsibility of the Trustees. You must not use, copy or repeat any part of the SIP for commercial purposes without obtaining permission to do so in writing to us. We use material from third parties in preparing the SIP and although we try to ensure that all of the information is correct we do not give any express or implied warranty as to the accuracy of the material in the SIP and are not responsible, and do not accept and liability, for any error, omission or inaccuracy. We are not liable for any damages (including, without limitation, damages for loss of business or loss of profits) arising in contract, tort or otherwise from the use of or inability to use this SIP, or any material contained in it, or from any action or from any action or decision taken as a result of using it.

## **Appendix – Investment strategy**

#### **Overall strategy**

The investment strategy of the Scheme is summarised in the table below.

Asset class	Allocation (30 June 2019)	Expected return (above gilts pa)	Manager and fund	Objective
Private Markets	24.9%	5.0%	Partners Group Partners Fund SICAV	8% - 12% pa net of fees
Multi-Asset	21.1%	3.2%	Baillie Gifford Multi Asset Growth Fund	UK base rate +3.5% pa (net of fees) over 5 year rolling periods
Multi-Asset	23.4%	3.2%	BlackRock Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund	3 Month LIBOR + 3% pa (net of fees) over 3 year rolling periods
Multi-Asset	23.5%	3.2%	Schroders Diversified Growth Fund	CPI + 5% pa (gross of fees) over 5 year rolling periods
Synthetic Equity	0.3% allocation (5.9% Exposure)	4.0% (on exposure)	Schroders Synthetic Equity Funds	Broadly replicate the MSCI World Index, but the returns are leveraged
LDI	5.6%	0%	Schroders Synthetic Index Linked Gilt Portfolio	Track the performance of the underlying government bonds, but the returns are leveraged
Cash	1.2%	0%	Schroders	n/a
	100%	3.7%		

Return expectations quoted above are best estimates for long-term returns, based on return assumptions as at June 2019.

#### Liability hedging

This strategy is designed to achieve liability hedging of:

- 12.5% of the interest rate risk, as a proportion of the Scheme's total liabilities, as assessed against the current technical provisions basis.
- 19.0% of the inflation risk as a proportion of the Scheme's total liabilities, as assessed against the current technical provisions basis.

#### **Rebalancing investments**

The Trustees will review the allocation on a periodic basis and consider whether it remains appropriate. The Trustees do not rebalance the allocation to a benchmark on a regular basis.

#### **Realising investments**

Where assets need to be realised, the Trustees will consult with the Investment Consultant regarding the source and timing of disinvestments.

#### AVCs

In the past, the Scheme provided a facility for members to pay additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) to enhance their benefits at retirement. The Scheme is now closed to future accrual. The members who paid additional voluntary contributions in the past retain investments in respect of those contributions. The Trustees have made the following AVC investment options available to members of the Scheme:

- Clerical Medical
- Aviva

The Trustees will review the AVC providers, as well as the funds available, in the light of their performance on a periodic basis. Performance of these funds will be measured relative to the individual benchmarks and objectives for the funds offered and/or to other providers offering similar fund options.

The Trustees are aware that members' AVC funds are subject to the same risks faced by the Scheme's investments, such as inflation risk eroding real returns. In addition, AVC members face the risk that their investments will not meet their future expectations (for example, if they are planning to purchase an annuity at retirement), lack of transparency on how their fund is managed and also that their AVC fund may fall in value.

The Trustees consider that, in making a number of funds available, they provide these members with sufficient options to meet their reasonable expectations and to mitigate the risks faced.