

In cooperation with





FIRE PENETRATION SEALS IN SANDWICH PANEL CONSTRUCTION





3 Introduction

- 3 Prefabricated internal walls shorten construction cycles
- 3 The challenge
- 3 The Future Solution

4 Design of Paroc Panel System sandwich panels

- 4 Design of Paroc Panel System sandwich panels
- 4 Technical performance of Paroc Fire Proof Panels

5 Fire-rated Walls

- 5 General
- 5 Fire-rated walls
- 5 Openings and cut-outs

6 Aperture framing, joint stitching & thermoprofiles

- 6 Aperture framing
- 6 Joint stitching

7 Application

- 7 Low-Voltage
- 11 Electrical
- 19 Mechanical piping
- 27 Rf-Technologies Fire Dampers

33 Test confirmation letters

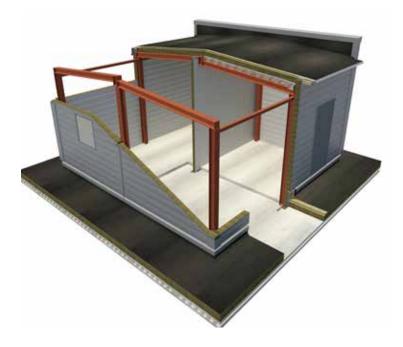
- 34 Certified Fire Protection Solutions, Hilti
- 35 Declaration of test results, warringtonfire
- 37 Test confirmation, IBS

The information in this brochure describes the conditions and technical properties of the disclosed displayed products, valid at the time of publication of this document and until replaced by the next printed or digital version. However, the parties do not warrant the accuracy and completeness of the information provided. Always consult the approvals and Instructions for Use of the respective products. Each party will sell and be solely responsible for its own products, the parties do not form a partnership and joint liability between them is excluded.

INTRODUCTION

Prefabricated internal walls shorten construction cycles

Many owners of large commercial and industrial projects are capitalizing on the benefits of shorter construction cycles thanks to sandwich panels wall systems. The light, prefabricated panels can be easily transported to site and quickly erected, allowing other trades to begin their work immediately. In facilities such as data centers where every additional day of uptime counts, these fast-track construction methods are helping improve and accelerate the return on their construction investment.



The challenge

Unfortunately, the existing standards for fire testing penetration seals in sandwich panels has frustrated many designers looking for solutions in these types of walls. Firestop manufacturers cannot compare results across panel types or manufacturers, making widespread testing cost prohibitive and leading to an industry-wide lack of tested systems in these wall construction types.

The Future Solution

To meet the current market demand, Hilti Firestop has cooperated with Paroc Panel System and Rf-Technologies Fire Dampers to test a wide range of applications for certified fire protection solutions in sandwich panel construction.



DESIGN OF PAROC PANEL SYSTEM SANDWICH PANELS

Design of Paroc Panel System sandwich panels

With large span widths, unique fire-door support testing and a wide range of panels for various applications, Paroc Panel System has a solution for every facility. Hilti and Rf-Technologies have partnered to provide a portfolio of solutions for the most common mechanical, electrical and telecoms penetrations in industrial facilities. To help ensure the most cost-efficient design of your sandwich panel construction, contact the manufacturers early in the design process. Especially as it relates to Firestop and Fire Dampers, early consideration of the tested system parameters will reduce the need for time-consuming Engineering Judgments and the risk of costly delays to timelines, rework or problems during commissioning.

Paroc Panel System panels are manufactured using AST[®] Technology that helps ensure their high tensile strength, reliable longevity and fire resistance. Five various Paroc Panel System sandwich panels have been certified for fire penetration seals. Panel type should be chosen according to required strength, fire and thermal insulation properties:

- · AST S for internal walls with normal fire requirements
- AST F, AST F+ and AST S+ for internal walls with high fire requirements
- AST E for walls with higher strength and fire requirements

Technical performance of Paroc Fire Proof Panels

			Panel Prop	erties		
Panel Type	Nominal thickness, mm	100	120	150	175	200
	Actual thickness, mm	99	120	151	173	202
AST L	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	NPD	NPD	El120/El180	El120/El180	EI120/EI180
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	17	18	21	22	24
AST S	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	EI60/EI60	EI90/EI90	EI180/EI180	EI180/EI180	EI240/EI240
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	19	21	23	25	28
AST S+	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	EI120/EI120	El120/El120	-	-	_
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	19	21			-
AST F	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	EI45/EI120	EI45/EI120	EI240/EI240	EI240/EI240	El240/El240
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	21	24	27	30	33
AST F+	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	EI120/EI120	El120/El120	-	-	-
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	21	24			_
AST E	Fire rating, max ²⁾ horizontal/vertical	EI45/EI120	EI45/EI120	EI240/EI240	EI240/EI240	EI240/EI240
	Weight, kg/m ^{2 3)}	22	24	28	31	34

- = Not available

²⁾ Fire resistance – contact please Paroc Panel System for more information regarding details and spans. Paroc Panel System's AST[®] panels are non-combustible and classified Euroclass A2-s1,d0 in accordance with the standard EN 13501-1.

FIRE-RATED WALLS

General

Paroc Fire Proof Panels are non-combustible, Euroclass A2-s1,d0 in accordance with the standard EN 13501-1. Fire resistance for Paroc Panel System structures has been classified according to the standards EN 13501-2, EN 15254-5 and EN 15254-7.

Fire-rated walls

Fire-rated walls are non-loadbearing, which means that loads may not be transferred from e.g. roof structures down onto a Paroc Fire Proof Panel wall. Fire classifications are subject to restrictions on span widths. Contact Paroc Panel System or visit www.parocpanels.com. Separate rules apply for acoustic panels and panels with facings of stainless or galvanized steel.

Openings and cut-outs

When dimensioning Paroc Fire Proof Panels panels, account for strength loss that occurs due to openings and cut-outs for doors, windows, pipe penetrations, etc. Design panels with cut-outs to take the loads they are subject to irrespective of the openings. If this is not possible, loads directed on the panels are to be transferred to adjacent panels or using auxiliary structures to the building frame. In case of large openings, the structures can be made of steel profiles transferring the load to the building main frame.

The maximum opening sizes for single service penetrations do not reduce the strength of Paroc Fire Proof Panels panels sufficiently to require special measures. However, multiple cut-outs within a panel must be considered cumulatively. If required, panels with higher strength classes may need to be used at openings.

If the degree of cut-out exceeds the ratio q/q_{all} , the load is either to be transferred to adjacent panels in accordance with figure 2, or, if this is not possible, to be directed on the load-bearing frame by auxiliary structures.

Consider maximum opening sizes noted on typical details in this brochure to remain within tested system parameters.





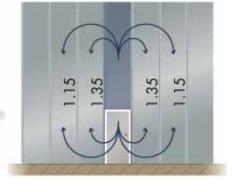


Figure 1

Maximum load for panels with cut-outs q. Allowed load capacity for the whole panel q_{all} can be taken from the dimensioning curves at the actual span and with largest support width.





Figure 2 Load distribution factors.

APERTURE FRAMING, JOINT STITCHING & THERMOPROFILES

Aperture framing

All rectangular openings must be framed on both sides of the wall with 30x30-L angles, fixed to panel facing with self-drilling screws at distances of 125 mm. Seal behind L-angles with Hilti CFS-S ACR acrylic sealant.

Joint stitching

Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150 mm to a distance of 600 mm on each side of the opening. Additionally, any panel joints within 600 mm of an opening should be similarly stitched.

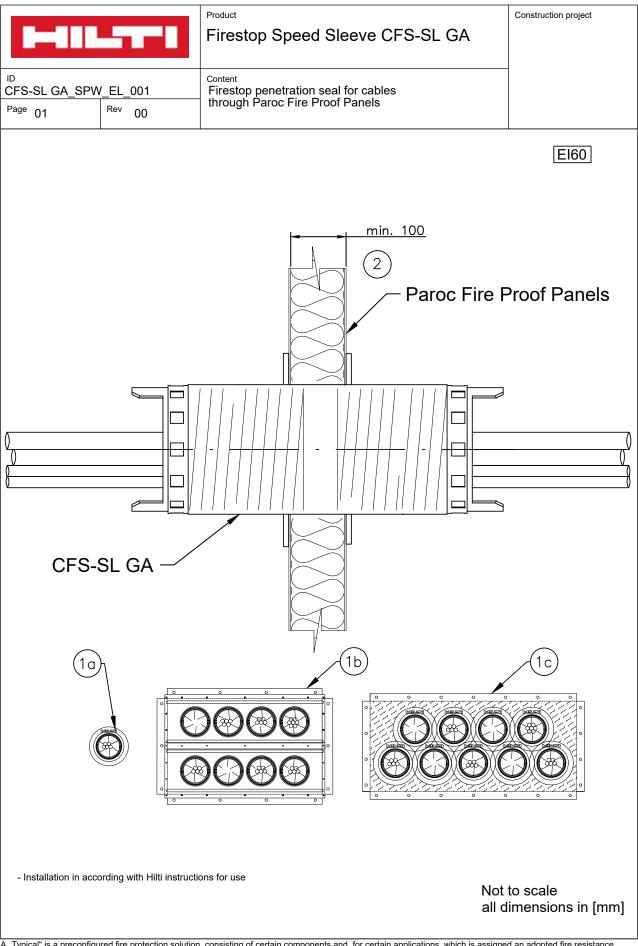
If an opening bisects more than 2 panel joints, install 100 mm Paroc Fire Proof Panels MIT thermo-profiles every 600 mm behind the L-angle aperture framing.





Paroc Fire Proof Panels with AST® core used for wall







Rev 00

Firestop Speed Sleeve CFS-SL GA

Construction project

D CFS-SL GA_SPW	/_E_001

Content Firestop penetration seal for cables through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Page 02

Pos	Penetrant	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and / or cable protection	Min. seal depth [mm]
1a	All cables	Ø≤21	CFS-SL GA M	Ø 115	none	-	100
1b	All cables	Ø≤21	CFS-SL GA M + CFS-SL GP	660 x 370	Fill entire cavity between gangplates with CFS-FX	-	100
1c	All cables	Ø ≤ 21	CFS-SL GA M + CFS-CT	800 x 350	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10 mm	-	100

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Product

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered.

The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating.

Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws

every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening and filled with CFS-S-ACR sealant to a distance of 100mm from the aperture edge.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture Frame	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm. Only applicable for rectangular openings as shown in cases 1b and 1c.

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Speed Sleeve CFS-SL GA M - Application for cables and cable bundles

- CFS-SL Gangplate affixed to wall with Hilti S-DD 03Z self-drilling screws of length ≥ 25 mm

(4) Distance

Г

First service support: ≤ 500mm

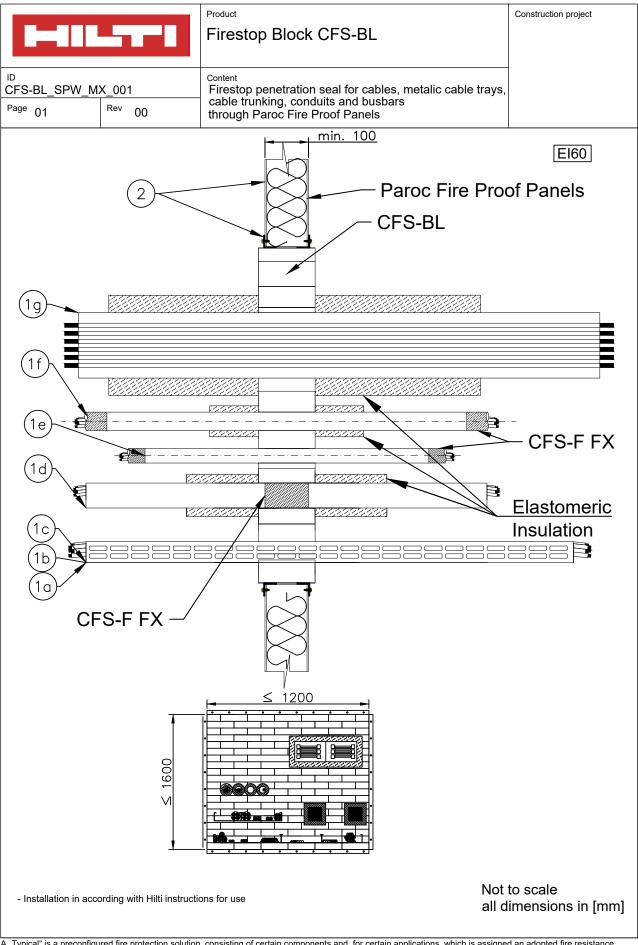
Distances between openings [mm]

Separation between penetration seals					
	CFS-CT Service Penetrations	CFS-CT Damper Penetrations	CFS-BL	CFS-SL GA	CFS-D
CFS-SL GA	≥ 100	≥ 200	≥ 100	≥ 0	≥ 100

(5) Deflection solution

Stop cable tray on either side of wall, normal deflection accommodated by unsupported cables







Rev 00 Firestop Block CFS-BL

Construction project

CFS-BL SPW MX 001

Content Firestop penetration seal for cables, metalic cable trays, cable trunking, conduits and busbars through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Page 02

Pos	Penetrant	Description/ Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and / or cable protection	Min. seal depth [mm
1a	All cables	-	Ø ≤ 80	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	-	130
1b	Cable bundles	Individual cable Ø ≤ 21mm	Ø ≤ 100	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	-	130
1c	Metalic Cable trays	-	≤ 1100	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	-	130
1d	Cable trunking	-	≤ 110 x 100	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	Trunking filled with CFS-FX to thickness of wall and locally wrapped with foamed elastomeric insulation on either side of penetration seal, T*= 32 mm, L*= 300 mm	130
1e	Small cable conduits	Plastic and/or steel	Ø ≤ 16	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	-	130
1f	Large cable conduits	Steel	Ø ≤ 50	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	Conduit capped with CFS-FX to a depth of 50mm and locally wrapped with foamed elastomeric insulation on either side of penetration seal, T*= 20 mm, L*= 200 mm	130
1g	Busbar	E+I Engineering copper busbar	5000 amp	CFS-BL	≤1200 x 1600	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10mm	Busbar locally wrapped with foamed elastomeric insulation on either side of penetration seal, T*= 32 mm, L*= 500 mm	130

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered.

The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating.

Blocks must always extend slightly past wall-facing. In thicker walls (e.g. 150mm), it may be necessary to turn the blocks to a seal depth of 200mm. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening

Daroc	Fire	Droof	Panel	AST	9	S+	F	F
Paroc	гпе	P1001	Paner	ASI	э,	эŦ,	с,	г,

F+

Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm Aperture Frame

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Block CFS-BL

- Application for cables, cable trays, trunking, conduits and busbars (4) Distance

Base

material

First service support: ≤ 400mm

Distances between penetrants [mm]

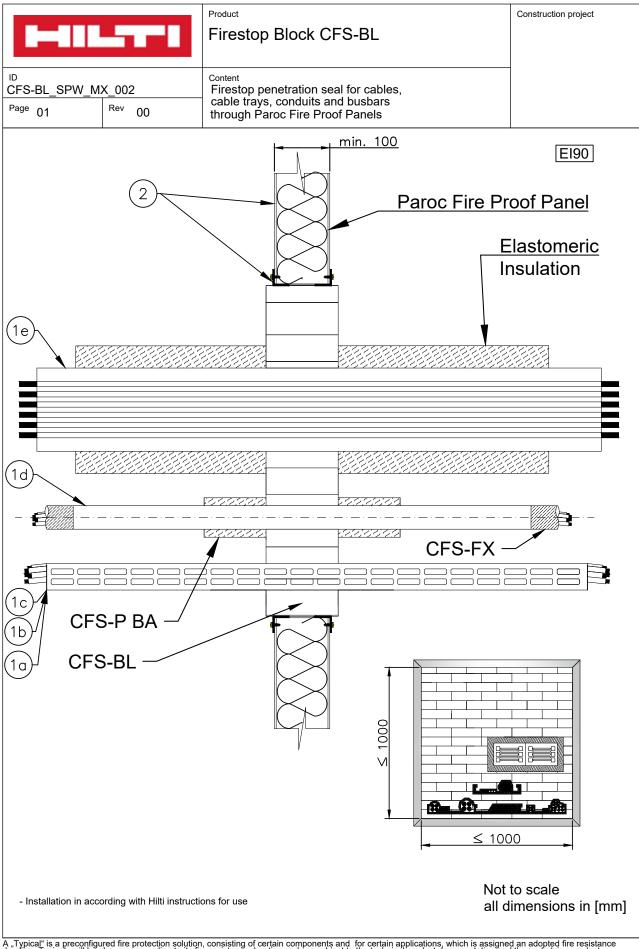
Distances between services						
	Cables / cable Supports / small conduits	Large conduits	Busbar	Trunking	Seal edge	
Cables / cable Supports / small conduits	≥ 50	≥ 100	≥ 250	≥ 100	≥ 50	
Large conduits	≥ 100	≥ 40	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 50	
Busbar	≥ 250	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 250	≥ 50	
Trunking	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 250	≥ 200	≥ 50	

Distances between openings [mm]

		Separation between penetration seals			
	CFS-CT Service Penetrations	CFS-CT Damper Penetrations	CFS-BL	CFS-SL GA	CFS-D
CFS-BL	≥ 100	≥ 200	≥ 200	≥ 100	≥ 50

(5) Deflection solution

Firestop Blocks can accommodate moderate deflection of services. Please contact Hilti for further details.





Firestop Block CFS-BL

Construction project

ID CFS-BL_SPW_M	X_002	Content Firestop penetration seal for cables,
Page 02 Rev 00		cable trays, conduits and busbars through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Description/ Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and / or cable protection	Seal depth [mm]
1a	All cables	-	Ø ≤ 80	CFS-BL	≤ 1000 x 1000	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10 mm	Cables wrapped with 2 layers CFS-P BA on either side of penetration seal, L*= 200 mm	130
1b	Cable bundles	Individual cable Ø ≤ 21	Ø ≤ 100	CFS-BL	≤ 1000 x 1000	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10 mm	-	130
1c	Metalic Cable trays	-	≤ 900	CFS-BL	≤ 1000 x 1000	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10 mm	-	130
1d	Cable conduits	Plastic and steel conduits	Ø≤16	CFS-BL	≤ 1000 x 1000	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10 mm	Conduits capped with CFS-FX to a depth of 50mm and wrapped with 2 layers CFS-P BA on either side of penetration seal, L*= 200 mm	130
1e	Busbar	EAE Electric Copper Core	4000 amp	CFS-BL	≤ 1000 x 1000	CFS-FIL to a depth of 10 mm	Busbar locally wrapped with foamed elastomeric insulation on either side of penetration seal T*= 32 mm, L*= 350 mm	130

T* = Insulation thickness, L* = Insulation length

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered.

The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating.

Blocks must always extend slightly past wall facing. In thicker walls (e.g. 150mm),

it may be necessary to turn the blocks to a seal depth of 200mm. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws

every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening and filled with CFS-S-ACR sealant to a distance of 100mm from the aperture edge.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture Frame	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Block CFS-BL

- Application for cables, cable trays, conduits and busbars

(4) Distance

First service support: ≤ 250mm

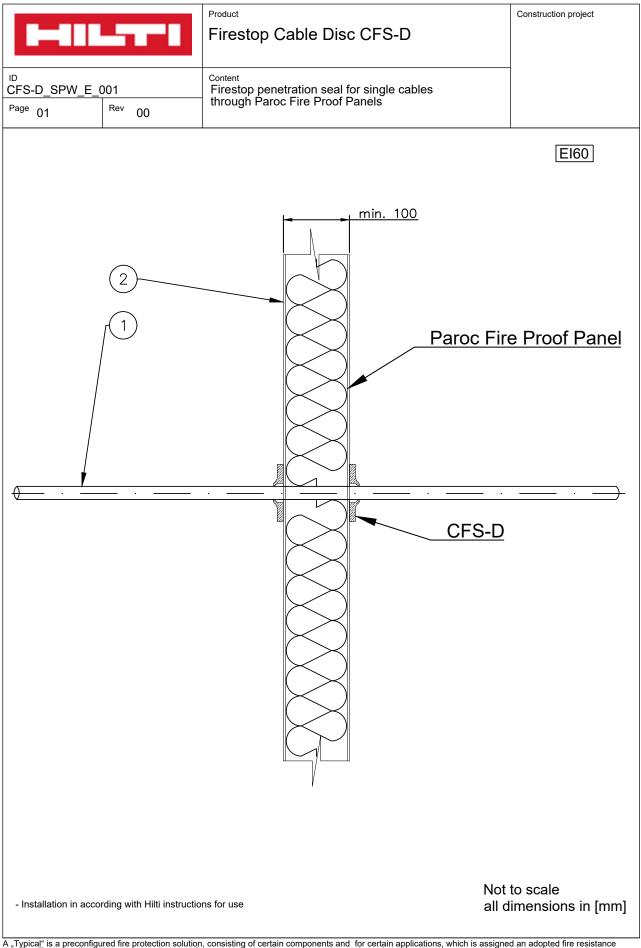
Distances between penetrants [mm]

Distances between services					
	Cables / Cable Supports	Busbar	Seal edge		
Cables / Cable Supports	≥ 50	≥ 100	≥ 50		
Busbar	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 50		

Minimum distance to other openings: 200 mm

(5) Deflection solution

Firestop Blocks can accommodate moderate deflection of services. Please contact Hilti for further details.



		Product Firestop Cable Disc CFS-D	Construction project
CFS-D_SPW_E_(001	_{Content} Firestop penetration seal for single cables through Paroc Fire Proof Panels	
^{Page} 02	^{Rev} 00	through Paroc Fire Proof Panels	

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and / or cable protection	Min. seal depth [mm]
1a	All cables	Ø ≤ 21	CFS-D	Ø ≤ 25	-	-	100

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture Frame	No aperture framing required

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Cable Disc CFS-D - Application for cables

④Distance

First service support: ≤ 500mm

Distances between openings [mm]

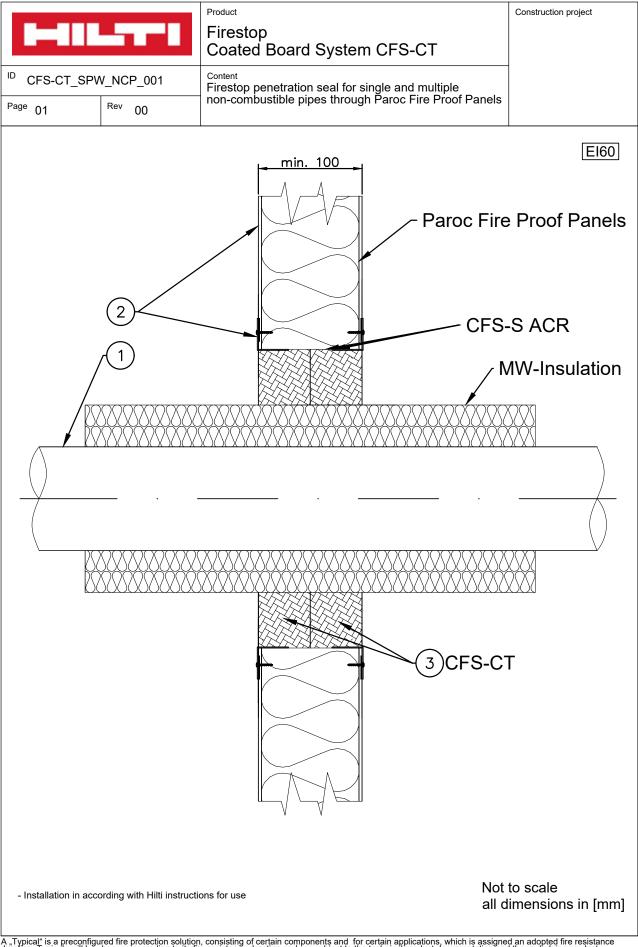
Separation between penetration seals					
	CFS-D	CFS-BL	CFS-SL GA		
CFS-D	≥ 50	≥ 100	≥ 100		

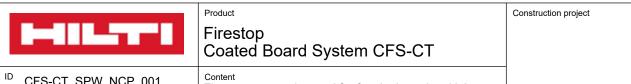
(5) Deflection solution

Stop cable tray on either side of wall,

normal deflection accommodated by unsupported cables.

MECHANICAL PIPING





CFS-CT_SPW_NCP_001

Rev 00

Page 02

Firestop penetration seal for for single and multiple non-combustible pipes through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Description/Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and /or cable protection	Min. Seal depth [mm]
1a	Non-combustible pipe	Copper, steel, stainless steel and cast iron	10 < Ø ≤ 54	CFS-CT	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10 mm	Aluminium-backed mineral wool, insulated continuously through penetration seal T*=30mm, L*≥750mm	100
1b	Non-combustible pipe	Steel, stainless steel and cast iron	54 < Ø ≤ 324	CFS-CT	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10 mm	Aluminium-backed mineral wool, insulated continuously through penetration seal T*=40mm, L*≥750mm	100

T* = Insulation thickness, L* = Insulation length

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction materials:

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150 mm to a distance of 600 mm on each side of the opening.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR.
Frame	Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT

Application for non-insulated and MW-insulated non-combustible pipes, non-insulated pipes to be wrapped with local mineral wool insulation to the length specified

(4) Distance

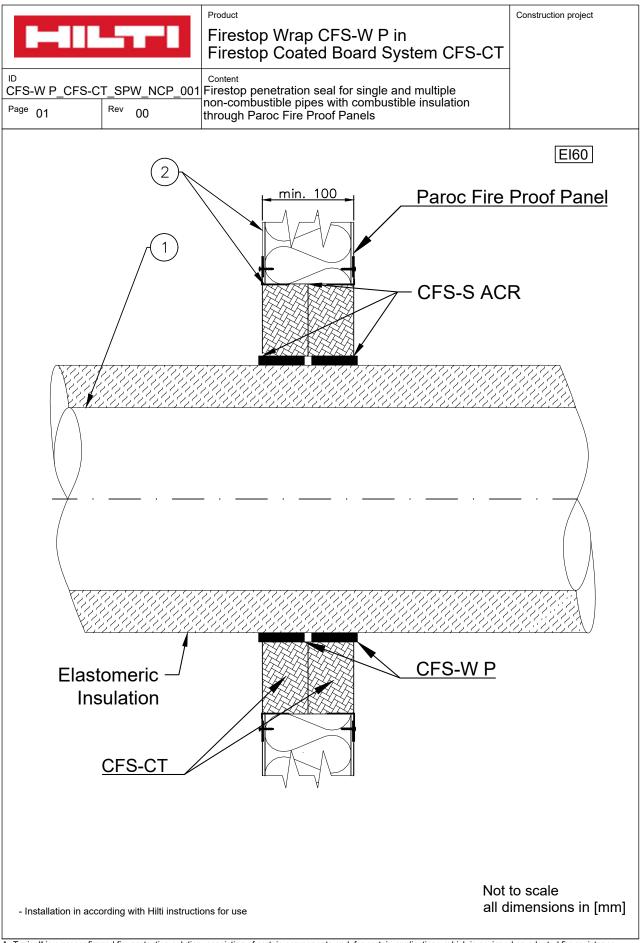
First service support: \leq 250 mm

Distances between penetrants [mm]

Separation between services						
Metal pipes / Pipe insulation Plastic Pipes / Pipe Closure Devices Seal Edges						
Metal Pipes	≥ 50	≥ 50	≥ 50			
Plastic Pipes / Pipe Closure	≥ 50	≥ 50	≥ 50			
Seal Edges	≥ 50	≥ 50	≥ 50			

Distances between openings [mm]

Separation between penetration seals						
	CFS-CT - Service Penetrations CFS-CT - Damper Penetrations		CFS-BL	CFS-SL	CFS-D	
CFS-CT - Service Penetrations	≥ 100	≥ 200	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 100	





Firestop Wrap CFS-W P in Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT

Construction project

ID Content CFS-W P_CFS-CT_SPW_NCP_001 Firestop penetration seal for single and multiple non-combustible pipes with combustible insulation through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Description/Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and /or cable protection	Min. Seal depth [mm]
1a	Non-combustible pipe	Copper, steel, stainless steel and cast iron	10 < Ø ≤ 64	CFS-CT CFS-W P	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10mm	Continuous foamed elastomeric insulation, T*= 15.5 - 39.5 mm	100
1b	Non-combustible pipe	Steel, stainless steel and cast iron	64 < Ø ≤ 219	CFS-CT CFS-W P	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10mm	Continuous foamed elastomeric insulation, T*= 32 - 50 mm	100

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joint must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR.
Frame	Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Wrap CFS-W P in Hilti Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT - Application for non-combustible pipes with continous combustible insulation

Wrap Layer				
ø [mm]	Layers			
10-64	2			
64-219	3			

④ Distance

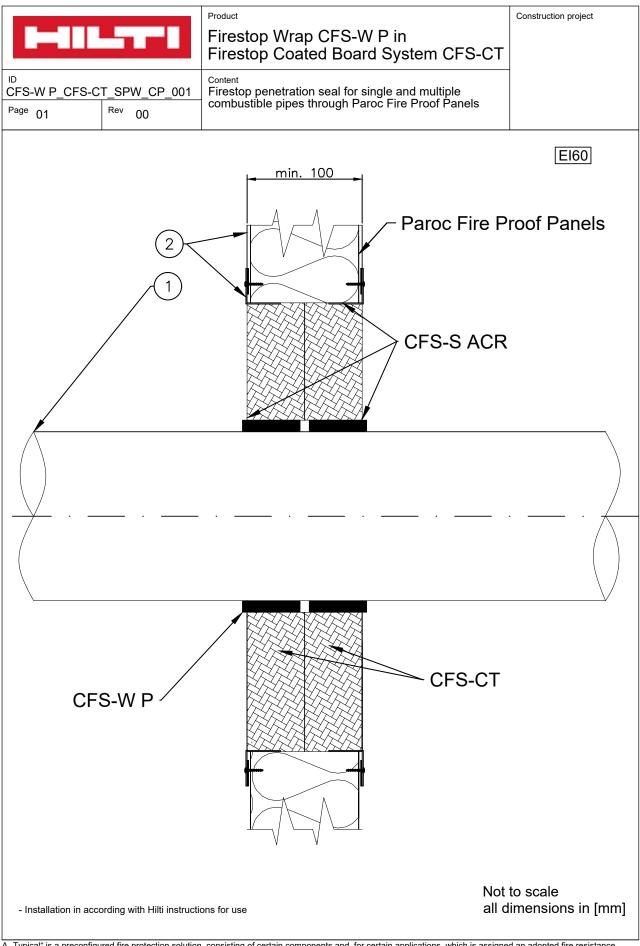
First service support: ≤ 250mm

Distances between penetrants [mm]

Separation between services			
Metal pipes / Pipe insulation Plastic Pipes / Pipe Closure Devices		Seal Edges	
CFS-W P	≥ 50	≥ 50	≥ 50

Distances between openings [mm]

		Separation between penetration	seals		
	CFS-CT - Service Penetrations	CFS-CT - Damper Penetrations	CFS-BL	CFS-SL	CFS-D
CFS-CT Service penetrations	≥ 100	≥ 200	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 100





Product Firestop Wrap CFS-W P in Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT

Construction project

D CFS-W P_CFS-CT_SPW_CP_001 Page 02 Rev 00

Content Firestop penetration seal for single and multiple combustible pipes through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Description/Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Min. Seal depth [mm]
1a	Combustible pipe	PP	Ø ≤ 110	CFS-CT CFS-W P	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10mm	100
1b	Combustible pipe	PVC	Ø ≤ 110	CFS-CT CFS-W P	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10mm	100
1c	Combustible pipe	PE	Ø ≤ 110	CFS-CT CFS-W P	2000 x 600	CFS-S ACR to depth of 10mm	100

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR.
Frame	Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self drilling screws every 100mm

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Hilti Firestop Wrap CFS-W P in Hilti Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT - Application for single or multiple combustible pipes in square openings

Wrap layer			
ø [mm]	Layers		
32-56	2		
63-75	3		
90-110	4		

(4) Distance

First service support: ≤ 500mm

Distances between penetrants [mm]

Separation between services				
Metal pipes / Pipe insulation Plastic Pipes / Pipe Closure Devices Seal Edges				Seal Edges
	CFS-W P	≥ 50	≥ 50	≥ 50

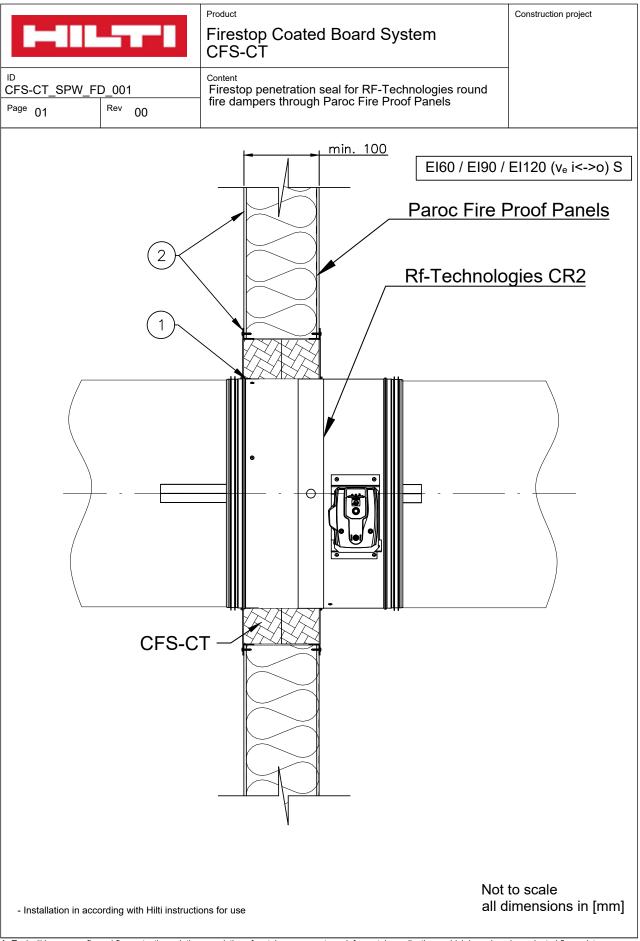
Distances between openings [mm]

		Separation between penetration	seals		
	CFS-CT - Service Penetrations	CFS-CT - Damper Penetrations	CFS-BL	CFS-SL	CFS-D
CFS-T Service penetrations	≥ 100	≥ 200	≥ 100	≥ 100	≥ 100

RF-TECHNOLOGIES FIRE DAMPERS

0

6



L A "Typical" is a preconfigured fire protection solution, consisting of certain components and for certain applications, which is assigned an adopted fire resistance duration. Typicals will be choosen according to its fire resistance duration and are subject to the technical product documentation and the underlying product approvals which will be published by Hilti from time to time, underlying the generic adoption and won't be selected project- or design specific. For this reason the suggested Typicals might not correspond the project- or design specific requirements, and have to be rated by the costumer or an expert ordered by the costumer with regard to the actual project specific design criteria and requirements.

	Product	Construction project
	Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT	
ID	Content	

CFS-CT SPW FD 001

Rev 00 Firestop penetration seal for round RF-Technologies fire dampers through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Page 02

Pos	Penetrant	Description/ Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Pipe insulation and / or cable protection	Min. seal depth [mm]
1a	Round dampers	Rf-T CR2	Ø ≤ 630	CFS-CT	≤ 730 X 730	CFS-S ACR to a depth of 10 mm	-	100

(2) Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panels, the joints must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture Frame	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm

(3) Infomation about the firestop

RF-Technologies Fire Damper: CR2 $\emptyset \leq 630$ Hilti Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT - Application for round fire dampers in single installation

(4) Distance

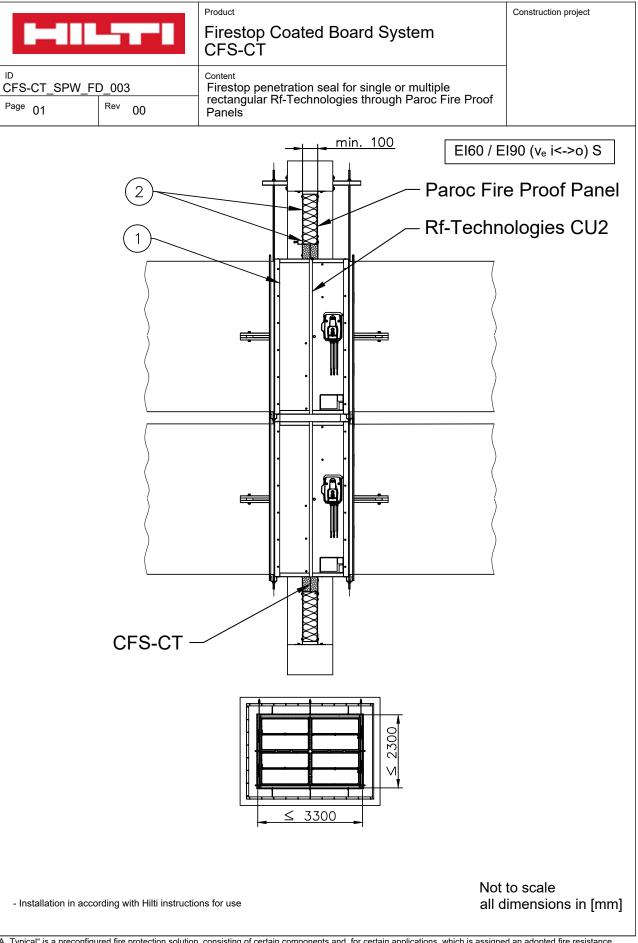
5 Deflection solution

- RF-Technologies Fire dampers can be installed into sandwich panel walls in accordance with deflection requirements such as DW145.
 - The fire damper must be solidarized with the wall by screw-fixing RF-Technologies made-to-measure fixing lugs.

Please contact RF-Technologies or your distributor.

- The sealing details between fire damper and wall remain unchanged.
- The connection of galvanized ductwork to the fire damper should be made with breakaway bolts or a flexible joint to allow for movement between the damper and ductwork.

Minimum distance to other openings: 200 mm



Product	Construction project
Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT	

D CFS-CT_SPW_FD_003		Content Firestop penetration seal for single or multiple
Page 02	^{Rev} 00	rectangular Rf-Technologies through Paroc Fire Proof Panels

(1) Installation

Pos	Penetrant	Description/Type	Dimensions [mm]	Firestop material	Opening size [mm]	Annular gap	Min. seal depth [mm]
1a	Rectangular dampers	Rf-Technologies CU2	Individual damper: ≤ 1500 x 1000 Maximum 4 rectangular dampers in minimal distance installation	CFS-CT	Maximum 100mm annular space around damper Maximum opening for 4 dampers in minimal distance installation: ≤ 3300 x 2300	CFS-S ACR to a depth of 10 mm	100

2 Construction: This Typical is relevant for the following construction material

Fire-resistance criteria for the respective construction materials must be also considered. The tested wall thickness represents a minimum thickness required for the penetration fire-resistance rating. Where openings bisect joints in the sandwich panel, the joint must be stitched with self-drilling screws every 150mm to a distance of 600mm on each side of the opening.

Base material	Paroc Fire Proof Panel AST S, S+, E, F, F+
Aperture	Steel angle (L-shape) 30x30x2mm around perimeter of the opening sealed with CFS-S ACR Sealant between steel angle and wall, and affixed with self-drilling screws every 100mm.
Frame	If an opening bisects more than 2 panel joints, install 100mm Paroc Panel System MIT thermo-profiles every 600mm behind the L-angle aperture framing.

(3) Infomation about the firestop

Rf-Technologies Fire Damper: CU2 ≦ 1500 x 1000 Hitli Firestop Coated Board System CFS-CT - Application for rectangular fire dampers in single and battery installations

(4) Distance

Distance to other openings: 200 mm

(5) Deflection solution

- Rf-Technologies Fire dampers can be installed into sandwich panel walls in accordance with deflection requirements such as DW145.

- The fire damper must be solidarized with the wall by screw-fixing Rf-Technologies made-to-measure fixing lugs.
 Please contact Rf-Technologies or your distributor.
 The sealing details between fire damper and wall remain unchanged.

- The connection of galvanized ductwork to the fire damper should be made with breakaway bolts or a flexible joint to allow for movement between the damper and ductwork.

TEST CONFIRMATION LETTERS



Hilti Ireland c4 North City Business Park, North Rd, Kildonan, Co. Dublin, D11 V96E, Ireland

Certified Fire Protection Solutions in Sandwich Panel Walls

September 30, 2020

We have seen an increase of sandwich panel construction over the past few years, especially in Data Centers.

Hilti offers a wide range of fire protection solutions with extensive testing and ETA approvals across our product lines mainly into concrete, block, masonry and plasterboard. Over the course of this year, Hilti has worked closely with Paroc Panel Systems and Rf-Technologies to extend the use of our fire protection products using sandwich panels as a base material.

There is currently no classification standard which allows Fire Protection manufacturers to classify sandwich panel testing across to other panel thickness, types or manufacturers. Sandwich panels are a complex base material which perform considerably differently from standard base materials such as concrete or plasterboard in fire situations. This makes it crucial to work together with experts to carry out the most stringent testing, to ensure we determine the performance of our products in this base material.

We have carried out 10 tests this year to ensure certified solutions for the most common telecom, electrical, mechanical pipe and Rf-Technologies damper applications in Paroc Fire Proof Panel walls.

We have been successful with our testing and the next step is now to develop the classification reports which have unfortunately been delayed due to the current pandemic. We are hopeful that we will receive these reports from the test institutes by the end of the 2020 (subject to changes due to the current circumstances).

What can Hilti provide you with in the meantime?

We have prepared a set of typical details to allow projects currently in design to consider the parameters covered by our recent testing. For projects already in construction phases, we can issue Engineering Judgements based on the recent testing. As our test reports are confidential reports with sensitive information, we are not able to share this document externally but can transmit this information to certified test bodies via secure channels where necessary. This should act as sufficient documentation to prove the suitability of the products in the specific applications stated.

If you have any additional questions, please contact our technical department

For and on Behalf of Hilti

Khadije Bah E1 Head of Technical Marketing and ECC

Trisha Wason E1 Product Manager Fire Protection

fre fitt

Luca Giombetti Segment Manager Data Centre



DECLARATION OF TEST RESULTS No. 20545C-revision 1

A 4 fire dampers in a battery set-up mounted in a sandwich panel wall with a coated stone wool board seal

seal type around the dampers: Firestop coated Board CFS-CT

The element is fully described in test report No. 20545A.

Test sponsor: HILTI AG

Test date: 8th September 2020

Test Method: EN 1366-2:2015

Obtained test results:

Parameter	Limits	Results
Operating pressure:		-300 Pa
System leakage:	12 m³/h	11.4 m³/h
Test duration:		91 minutes
Thermal insulation – (I ⁽¹⁾ criterion):		
$\Delta T_m = 140^{\circ}C$		91 minutes, no failure
$\Delta T_{M} = 180^{\circ}C$		90 minutes
Integrity (E ⁽¹⁾ criterion): [:]		
Leakage through the fire damper ⁽²⁾	360 m³/h.m²	91 minutes, no failure
Ignition of the cotton pad		91 minutes, no failure
Fail test with the 6 mm and 25 mm gauges		91 minutes, no failure
Spontaneous, continous flames		91 minutes, no failure
Smoke leakage (S ⁽¹⁾ criterion):		
Leakage through the fire damper at an ambient temperature	200 m³/h.m²	91 minutes, no failure
Leakage through the fire damper during the test $^{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	200 m³/h.m²	91 minutes, no failure
Actuating mechanism:		
Any sign of mechanical damage after the opening and closing test of 50 cycli		No damage
Time at which the fully-open fire damper closes	2 minutes	22 seconds

⁽¹⁾ Classification according to EN 13501-3.

⁽²⁾ These performance criteria apply after 5 minutes from the start of the test.



This declaration is valid until: 8th September 2023.

WFRGENT NV

European classifications can only be proved with the official classification report No. 20545B according to EN 13501-2. This document may be used only literally and completely for publications. - For publications of certain texts, in which this document is mentioned, our permission must be obtained in advance. The authenticity of the electronic signatures is assured by Belgium Root CA.

Page 2 of 2



Institut für Brandschutztechnik und Sicherheitsforschung

HILTI Aktien Gesellschaft mbH zHd. Hr. Jürgen Weis Feldkircher Straße 100 9494 Schaan Liechtenstein

IBS – Institut für Brandschutztechnik und Sicherheitsforschung Gesellschaft m.b.H. Akkreditierte Prüf-, inspektions- und Zertifizierungsstelle Petzoldstrafte 45 / 4020 Linz / Austria

T +43 732 7617-250 / F +43 732 7617-119 office@ibs-austria.at / www.ibs-austria.at Firmenbuchnummer 89116d Landesgericht Linz / UID-Nr. ATU23289765

18 September 2020 Manfred EGLAUER / AM +43 732 7617 - 871

Test confirmation for various fire tests

Dear Mr. Weis,

with telephone call of 17.09.2020 you asked for confirmation regarding the processing of the fire tests carried out in our company on 01.07., 03.08., 04.08., 05.08. and 16.09.2020.

We hereby confirm the following data:

The reports on the above mentioned fire tests are being processed and will be completed within the next few weeks.

The test report numbers will be as follows:

 $\begin{array}{cccccc} 01.07.2020 \rightarrow 320040703\text{-}1\\ 03.08.2020 \rightarrow 320040703\text{-}2\\ 04.08.2020 \rightarrow 320040703\text{-}3\\ 05.08.2020 \rightarrow 320040703\text{-}4\\ 16.09.2020 \rightarrow 320040703\text{-}5 \end{array}$

Various penetration seals for pipes and cables in combination with Paroc mineral wool panel walls were tested.

The use of this confirmation is only allowed for the client.

IBS – INSTITUT FÜR BRANDSCHUTZTECHNIK UND SICHERHEITSFORSCHUNG GESELLSCHAFT M.B.H. Akkreditierte Prüf-, Inspektions- und Zertifizierungsstelle

	Unterzeichner	Manfred Eglauer
(P)	Datum/Zeit-UTC	2020-09-21T07:55:32+02:00
	Prüfinformation	Informationen zur Prüfung der elektronischen Signatur finden Sie unter: https://www.signaturpruefung.gv.at

	Unterzeichner	DI Ulrich Stöckl
G	Datum/Zeit-UTC	2020-09-21T08:00:08+02:00
	Prüfinformation	Informationen zur Prüfung der elektronischen Signatur finden Sie unter: https://www.signaturpruefung.gv.at

Manfred EGLAUER Technician Dipl.-Ing. Ulrich STÖCKL Authorised signatory

Information on documents with multiple electronic signatures can be found here!



CO Landesbank AG iHypo Oberösterreichi IBAN AT46 5400 0000 0021 2944 / BIC OBLAAT2L Oberbank AG IBAN AT37 1500 0006 2100 6055 / BIC OBKLAT2L



Design your passive fire protection with Hilti: Our Firestop Specialists are available to help – from first draft to detailed planning and building permit to installation and final inspection.



Our technical library provides you with comprehensive documentation. To simplify the design work you can, for example, download 2D product drawings and documents such as approvals, specifications and tendering templates.



4h

You will find our fire protection solutions as 2D and 3D BIM objects in the extensive Hilti BIM/CAD library.



Your Hilti advantage: Hilti Fire Protection Experts will also be happy to support you in person. Just ask your Hilti Team about it.



Hilti Corporation 9494 Schaan, Liechtenstein P +423-234 2111 www.hilti.group



Paroc Panel System (part of Kingspan Oy) FI-21600 Parainen + 358 (0) 46 876 8716 www.parocpanels.com



Rf-Technologies 9860 Oosterzele, Belgium +32 (0)9 362 31 71 www.rft.be